PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1887.

ANOTHER CHAPTER IN THE PACIFIC RAIL-ROAD INVESTIGATION.

ONE OF GOULD'S FINE GAMES.

Branch Consolidation—A Map from Which President Grant Tore His Signature-Big Rise in the Price of Stock-Leland Stanford's New Plan of Settlement.



the inquisitorial sessions of the Pacific Railway Commission would cease on Oct. 1. but the members of that investigating body, finding that they were not sufficiently enlightened regarding the history of what is known as the Central Branch of the Union Pacific, sum-

moned before them this morning Coun-Hy sellor Eeffingham H. Nichols to testify on

this subject. From the investigation already had it appears that this 100 miles of road from Atchison westward was known as the Atchison and Pike's Peak Railroad until it was unloaded on the Union Pacific in 1879 by Jay Gould in his grand consolidation scheme. It never paid the interest on its debt, which it had funded at interest on its debt, which it had funded at something like \$630,000 prior to the consolidation, and its stock was selling as low as \$50 a share. This road, which, with its feeders, embraced a system of about three hundred miles, was gobbled up by Gould, who paid as high as \$250 per share for its stock. The wily financier lost nothing by the transaction, for he turned in the road in the consolidation scheme at exactly the same figure which he had paid, and reserved the right to lease it to his Missouri Pacific system. This he did and it has ever since been a part of that system, paying to the Union Pacific its net carnings for a rental, and providing a particularly good thing for Gould on his St. Louis haul.

What the Commission desired to know was how the acquiring of this road, the stock of which was ward not work than \$50 per

What the Commission desired to know was how the acquiring of this road, the stock of which was worth not more than \$50 per share, increased the value of the Government's lien for the payment of \$250 per share for its stock and its subsequent lease to a rival system at a nominal rental. Mr. Nichols, who was the treasurer of the road at the time of its transfer, was accordingly size.

a rival system at a nominal rental. Mr. Nichols, who was the treasurer of the road at the time of its transfer, was accordingly summoned as a witnoss.

The session room of the Commission was lined with ominous-looking black boxes, which bore appropriate inscriptions announcing their contents to be the testimony taken, and documents and accounts submitted and gathered in the six months which have been devoted to the arduous labors of the investigation. Their arrangement on the shelves gave a suggestion of caskets stowed away in a vault and that idea was heightened by the remembrance that many of them contained the buried hopes of the stockholders of the Kansas Pacific—hopes buried in the Gould consolidation scheme.

All the members of the Commission were present, and the first matter considered by them was a telegram from ex-Gov. Leland Stanford, of California, suggesting a manner of settlement of the differences between the Government and the Central Pacific Railroad. He said:

I desire to suggest that the commission report in favor of the appointment of a proper court to consider the equities existing between the Government and the Central Pacific Railroad Company, as inquired into in accordance with the act of Congress, approved March 8, 1887, and render final judgment thereon. Then the question what further legislation may be needed can be fairly considered. I consider that the set of Congress directing inquiry into the equities erects a different standard by which to measure the relations between the railway company and the Government from the purely legal relation therefore existing.

The the proposition was smillingly received.

by which to measure the relations between the railway company and the Government from the purely legal relation theretofore existing.

This proposition was smilingly received and entered upon the minutes of the Commission, and attention was turned to Witness Nichols, who had entered.

He is a tall man, with a sparse growth of gray hair ineffectually striving to hide a growing baldness, and when not engaged in reading, his bright eyes are shaded by a pair of extensive gold-bowed spectacles.

Mr. Nichols desired to make what he called a clear and concise statement giving the

Mr. Nichols desired to make what he called a clear and concise, statement giving the history of the Central Branch, together with the cost of its construction, and, no objection being interposed, he proceeded to do so.

At the time he became connected with the Atchison and Pike's Peak, in 1865, with Erastus Corning, R. M. Pomeroy, Chauncey Vibbard and others, Mr. Nichols said that its assets were 1,600 mortgage, 1,600 United States bonds and \$1,000,000 in stock besides its lands.

The witness's evidence, giving the history

of the road, was in the nature of an argument. He cited the act of Congress to show that the consolidation of the road with the Hannibal and St. Jo road was authorized, as was the final extension of the road to connect with the Union Pacific at the one hundredth manidian.

Meridian.

Argument was had before Solicitor-General Phillips in 1873, Mr. Nichols, Benjamin R. Curtis and Wm. M. Evarts appearing for the extension, and it was decided that the road had a right to extend and receive the Government lands and bonds, and General Grant, then President, approved the map by affixing his signature.

signature. Afterward," said the witness, " Mr. Bout-"Afterward," said the witness, "Mr. Boutwell, the Secretary of the Treasury, whose
hole policy appeared to be to reduce the
public debt, no matter what the result
might be, yielded to public clamor against
the Pacific roads and interfered with the
President, who recalled our map, tore his
signature therefrom and placed the torn piece
in his desk, referring the matter to Secretary Boutwell, and there it remains to
this day. I went to Gen. Grant and asked
him what was the trouble and he showed me
the piece of the map containing his signa-

nim what was the trouble and he showed me the piece of the map containing his signature and told me not to be disturbed."

The witness became excited as he reverted to the wrongs that had been heaped upon him and his friends in the matter of the extension of this road, and he punctuated his statements with decided periods, indented upon the surface of the table with a goodly-sized fist.

commissioner Anderson suggested that the map was recalled by President Grant because it was discovered that the Atchison and Pike's Peak road had no right, under the act of 1862, to extend further than 100 miles beyond Atchison, whereupon Mr. Nichols triumphantly turned to the text of the act to prove that the Kansas Pacific was to connect with his road at that point, and, failing to do so, the Atchison and Pike's Peak road might extend.

road might extend.

Mr. Nichols said that his interest in the Mr. Niehols said that his interes in road was \$10,000, or about one tenth.

In relation to the sale of the road in 1879 to Gould, he said that a few months prior to Gould, he said that a few months prior to gould.

that transaction Oliver Ames, who had a large interest in the Union Pacific road, came

he management.
sold all my stock at \$250 per share,"
the witness, "but that did not represent

its real value. It included the stock of all the branch roads, so that it was really sold for 62% per cent."

Q. Before the sale to Mr. Gould did not the stock sell in the market as low as 60? A. Yes; as low as 15.

Q. Three months after the sale did it not sell as low as 100? A. I do not know.

Among other counsel employed by the road in Washington, Mr. Nichols named William M. Evarts, Benjamin R. Curtis, the late Vice-President Hendricks and ex-Senator Reverdy Johnson.

Commissioner Littler — Your case must

Johnson.

Commissioner Littler — Your case must have failed from want of efficient counsel.

To satisfy the commission with reference to the cost of construction, Mr. Nichols stated the available assets of the company to be \$4,200,000, and proceeded to enumerate the other charges, such as counsel fees, \$100,000; loans, \$100,000, and interest on bonds, \$150,000, the total being deducted. This statement showed the construction charge to be apparently \$2,800,000.

Commissioner Anderson—This sum or a part of it might have gone into the pockets of the directors.

The accountant who examined the books of the company here interposed to say that

of the company here interposed to say that the cost of construction was only shown by balances taken from the books relating to the Osborn construction contract, which cannot

Witness said that he had never seen these books.

Q. Did you ever receive the proceeds of any United States or other bonds in connection with this road? A. Never. I sold a great many bonds at an average of 99 cents, and always turned the money into the treasury of the road. Being unable to secure an accurate state-ment of the cost of construction, Commis-sioner Anderson asked for an estimate from

stoner Anderson asked for an estimate from the witness.

He said that \$110 per ton was paid for iron ralls where steel rails could now be obtained for from \$35 to \$40, and rolling stock and everything else was in proportion. He was a lawyer and not a practical railroad man, but believed that the road must have cost at least \$50,000 per mile.

GORMAN AND HIGGINS ALARMED.

democratic Clerks Told to go to Baltimore but Republicans Must Stay Away.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.] Washington. Oct. 25.—Senator Gorman came over from Baltimore yesterday, and had a long conference with Eugene Higgins, to arrange for the transportation of Maryland clerks in the departments, to vote in Baltimore to morrow. Mr. Gorman has lost his confident air, and expressed himfelf as apprehensive of the result. The situation is desperate for the ring Democrats in Baltimore, and their friends here are in a gloomy frame of

their friends here are in a gloomy frame of mind.

Advertisements appeared in the evening papers here yesterday informing Democratic voters where they can get free tickets. Eot only is this done, but the men in the departments have been told that they are expected to vote. This, however, only refers to the Democrats.

The few Republican office-holders who are still left here and who vote in Baltimore have also been notified that the vengeance of the "Ring" will be visited upon them if they leave their desks on Wednesday.

Conservative men, who have been watching the Baltimore canvass closely, say that the Gorman ring will be beaten by at least two thousand majority.

RECAUSE THEY USED HIS BOAT.

Man Named Parrish Kills Three Negroo in Calhoun County, Florida. [SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

APALACHICOLA, Fla., Oct. 25.-News has reached here that a white man named Par-rish shot and killed three negroes in Calhoun rish shot and killed three negroes in Calhoun County a few days since. Four negroes were using Parrish's boat to gather up logs broken loose from a raft, when Parrish came along. It is said that the negroes told Parrish they had no intention of stealing the boat, but Parrish would not recevic explanations. He raised his Winchester and shot one down in the boat, killed another on the raft and another who was attempting to runaway. The fourth dived attempting to runaway. The fourth dived overboard and escaped.

BURIED IN BURNING RUINS.

One Man Killed Outright and Three in the Debris of a Glens Falls Mill.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.] Grans Falls, N. Y., Oct. 25.-Information has been received here of the destruction by fire of the Warner Mills, a new pulp and paper mill, at Corinth. The walls of the building were finished and the interior of the structure was being completed. John Mallory was killed, and three other persons, whose names are unknown here, were buried in the debris.

Interfering with Municipal Rights.

[SPECIAL CARLE TO THE EVENING WORLD.]
DUBLIN, Oct. 25.—The Government has proclaimed the meeting convened by the Mayor of Cork to protest against the Recorder of that city being permitted to adjudicate on the appeal of Mr. O'Brien from the Mitchellstown verdict. It is expected that a determined effort will be made to hold the meeting under the authority of the City Corporation, interference with which by the Government would involve violation of municipal rights.

Will the Czar and Emperor Meet?

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING St. Petersburg, Oct. 25 .- M. Giers, Minis. ter of Foreign Affairs, and the French ambassadors unite in advising and exhorting the Czar to meet the Emperor William, although the national sentiment is against such meet-

Baroness Von Oppenheim Dead.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE EVENING WORLD.] COLOGNE, Oct. 25.-The Baroness Von Oppenheim, wife of the well known banker, of this city, is dead after a linger. ing illness. She was almost as famous as her husband, on account of his great benevolence, private and public.

To Vaccinate on Sight.

A corps of ten medical inspectors started on from the Bureau of Contagious Diseases of the Health Department this morning, armed with lancets, vaccine and disinfectants, and instruction to visit every house in the Bohemian district and vaccinate every person found. This action is taken because of the large number of cases of small-pox found in that quarter during the last six months.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 25.—Williams's California Block, in this city, was destroyed by fire last night, Loss \$30,000.

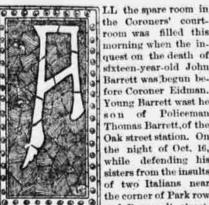
Block, in this city, was to the coke operators say that they will not grant the 5% per, cent, advance demanded by the Knights of Labor cokers. They do not fear a strike.

HYANNIS, Mass., Oct. 25.—The schooner Sunlight, Capi. Megathiin, Boston, which anchored off Bass River at 12 M. yesterday in a heavy southwest gale and parted both chains, was towed into this harbor by the United States steamer Verbena at 2 A. M. to-day.

JOHNNY BARRETT'S SLAYER.

LONGOBARDI HELD FOR THE GRAND JURY BY THE CORONER.

The Dead Boy's Father Tries to Reach Longobardi, and, When Prevented, Saysi "Can't You Give Me a Chance?"-Witnesses Relate the Story of the Shooting to Coroner Eidman.



the Coroners' courtroom was filled this morning when the inquest on the death of sixteen-year-old John Barrett was begun before Coroner Eidman. Young Barrett wast he son of Policeman Thomas Barrett of the Oak street station. On the night of Oct, 16, while defending his sisters from the insults of two Italians near the corner of Park row and Roosevelt street,

he was shot and mortally wounded by Giuseppe Longobardi, of No. 32 Cherry street, Shortly after 10 o'clock Longobardi was brought into court. He looked pale, restless and anxious, and kept his gaze fixed on the reporters' table, only raising his eyes as each new witness was called. The blow which the dead young man struck him, on the night of the assault, still disfigured his face, a swollen right eye and discolored skin giving evidence of its severity. Longobardi, was dressed just as he was on the night of the murder, a red and white striped hand-kerchief rolled about his neck taking the place of collar and tie. His finger kept twisting nervously throughout the hearing. When witnesses described the circumstances of the shooting he moved uneasily in his

the place of collar and tie. His finger kept twisting nervously throughout the hearing. When witnesses described the circumstances of the shooting he moved uneasily in his chair. Following him into court came young Barrett's mother, accompanied by her daughters' Mary, aged eighteen years, in whose defence the young man met his death, and Annic, aged eleven years, who was with her sister at the time of the attack. They were all dressed in deep mourning.

Charles Schaug, proprietor of a shooting gallery at No. 153 Park row, who was next called as a witness, identified the prisoner as one of the two Italians whom he saw at Park row and Roosevelt street on the night of Oct. 16. He also identified the Barrett girls whom he also saw at the same time and place. He heard the companion of the prisoner tell one of the girls in a profane manner to go on home. Then he slapped the prisoner in the face. Longobardi's companion then kicked her.

In the midst of Mr. Schaug's testimony Policeman Barrett, father of the murdered man, entered the court-room unperceived. He walked slowly towards the prisoners' pen before he was seen by the court officials, and then Tombs Keeper Kennedy and one of the court officers stopped him, turned him about and led him from the room. He objected at first, kept turning about as though desirous of reaching Lingobardi. As the door was opened and he was gently forced outside, he was heard to say incoherently: "Can't you give me a chance?"

John Verre, a barber, of 145 Hester street, testified that on the night of the assault he risoner. He saw one of the girls alap one of the men in the face. He also saw the Italian's companion kick one of the girls in the side. Then the girl called for her brother, who came and struck one of the her brother, who came and struck one of the the Italian's companion kick one of the girls in the side. Then the girl called for her brother, who came and struck one of the brother, who came and struck one of the brother, who came and struck one of the brother, who came and

sulted by the prisoner and his companion, took the stand. She is a bright, pretty young girl with plump cheeks. She told her story in a straightforward, simple way, a story in a straightforward, simple way, a story that was interrupted only by the tears which were forced from her, and which, trickling down her cheeks, checked her utterance. She told substantially the same story as has been printed—how on the night of Oct. 16 she met the prisoner and his companion and was greeted with "Hey, there! where are you going?" She made no answer save to tell them that if there were a policeman about he would have been arrested. Then one of the fellows pulled the back of her sacque and the prisoner's companrested. Then one of the fellows pulled the back of her sacque and the prisoner's companion kicked her in the side. She fell up against the elevated road fence so weak that she could not stand. The prisoner's companion choked her. Then she called to her brother who was with her and her sister. He ran to the prisoner and struck him. Then, after some altercation, the prisoner shot him, and fell into a young man's arms. The witness did not slap either of their assailants.

Little eleven-year-old Annte Barrett testified. She was too young to be sworn,

so Coroner Eidman accepted her testimony without the oath. She is slighter and shorter than her sister, with a pleasing, intelligent face. She corroborated the statement of

Many in every detail.

Testimony concerning the flight and capture of Longobardi was given by Thomas Brown, a liquor dealer, of No. 16 Roosevelt street; George A. Evaliotis, a little Greek boy; Michael A. Collins, of No. 185 Park row, and Henry Reers, of No. 4 Roosevelt street.

In giving the case to the jury Coroner Eidman said that no other verdict could be pos-sible than one declaring that Barrett came to his death at the hands of Longobardi. A verdict was rendered according to the Coro-ner's instructions.

Then Longobardi was placed on the stand

to answer the usual questions asked by the Coroner. He said that he was eighteen years old, and He said that he was eighteen years old, and that he was a maker of plaster of Paris images. He refused to say more. Coroner Eidman told his counsel that it was his place to advise his with him in the matter of testimony, and, acting under counsel's advice, the prisoner said: "I have nothing to say." This state-

said: "I have nothing to say," This statement he signed, and was then taken back to the Tombs.

When the prisoner was taken from the Coroner's office he was met by an immense throng at the street door, who followed him the entire distance to the Tombs, although offering no attemps at bodily harm. It is said that young Barrett's uncle in hearing the decision of the Coroner's jury, drew a revolver from his outer coat pocket and threatened to shoot the prisoner. The weapon was taken from him. He was led away. Longobaadi's case will now be taken to a higher court.

Killed by a Fall from a Roof. Godfrey Suppon, sixty-eight years old, fell from the roof of his house, No. 78 Stanton street, to the yard and was instantly killed early this morning,

IS THE CHURCH TO FIGHT GEORGE.

Stery That All Catholics Who Help His

Canvass Will Be Excommunicated.

An Albany despatch states that a rumor is affoat that in all the Catholic churches throughout the State the officiating clergy will next Sunday morning instruct thir parishioners, on pain of excommunication, not to take part in the canvass being made by Henry George and Dr. McGlynn. The despatch adds that no efforts will be spared by the Catholic church in crushing the McGlynn

movement.

Archbishop Corrigan and his acting secretary, Father Daly, are out of town, the Archbishop being on an ecclesiastical tour of visitation and confirmation up the Hudson, and nothing could be learned at the archimiscoul values.

and nothing could be learned at the archiepiscopal palace.

Rev. Father Colten, pastor of St. Stephen's church, says that he has received no such instructions, and that no priest would make any such proclamation unless authorized by the Archbishop or by the Bishop of his diocese. He scouts the idea as entirely contrary to the policy of the church, which does not officially participate in politics.

"Of course," he added, "every priest has his own private opinions, likes and dislikes, and he is privileged to express them to members of his congregation or others privately but not officially, and a priest who did express his political opinions from the pulpit would be censurable."

Monseigneur Preston was found at his office in Mulberry street, but he refused to affirm or deny the rumor. He said, however, that no Bishop had authority over the whole State.

By Catholics it is generally thought that

State.

By Catholics it is generally thought that the rumor grew out of the action of Bishop McQuade, of Rochester, who last Sunday denounced from his pulpit in St. Patrick's Cathedral, in that city, those Catholics who sympathize with rebellious Dr. McGlynn, and threatened them with excommunication if they did not desist.

MR. GRACE'S PERUVIAN CONTRACT. Nothing More Heard of the Government's

Adverse Action. The news printed in this morning's

World of the refusal of the Peruvian Government to submit to Congress the contract signed in London by Dr. José Aranibar, was much talked of downtown this morning by those familiar with the proceedings of the Grace syndicate.

The Peruvian President and the Ministers somewhat disappointed because the Power of Mr.

were unanimously agreed on this course, though the Ministers have since tendered their resignations after an unsuccessful attempt was made to pass a vote of censure on them. Action has not been taken on their

them. Action has not been taken on their resignations.

This course on the President's part was consequent on difficulties with Chili about the thirteenth and fifteenth stipulation of the peace treaty with that Republic.

The contract with the Peruvian agent had to be ratified by the Peruvian Government, before the syndicate could easily float its bonds. It has not been submitted, much less ratified.

A reporter of The Evening World called

less ratified.

A reporter of The Evening World called on William R. Grace, at 1 Hanover square, this morning and asked if Mr. Grace had any further news. "I know nothing about the report except what I learned from the paper," was the re-

"Do you think it is true?"
"A man can't tell about something he knows nothing about," said Mr. Grace.

PREPARING TO FIGHT THE CROWS. Troops Centralizing, and Appearances

SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD] St. Paul., Oct. 25.—A Fort Meade special says: The troops did not leave there yesterday for the Crow Reservation on account of the snow, which fell fifteen inches deep, and because of the cold, which was sixteen de-grees below zero. They expect to go to-day. The Adjutant-General of the department in this city say the order to march has been susno trouble has occurred on the Crow Reserva-

tion since Sept. 13.

Advices from the Tongue River Agency say that all the Cheyenne young warriors have left the agency and have gone with the Crows. The officers at Fort Custer are very reticent, but there seems to be an important movement pending. At any rate, troops are being concentrated there. Two companies have been ordered there to day from Fort Missoula, making eighteen companies already on hand. A howitzer and field-piece have also been sent for from Fort Keogh.

Caught Through a Silver Key.

Charles Fisher was arraigned in the Esse: Market Police Court this morning on a charge of Market Police Court this morning on a charge of having robbed the residence of Mr. Beyer, of 171 Avenue C, last Saturday night. Detective McCormick, after having gone to several jeweiry stores in search of a clue to the thief, came across a unique silver key, which Mr. Beyer, who is a black-smith, had made himself. The burglar had tried to dispose of some jeweiry and had left the key lie on the counter by mistake. This led to the arrest of Fisher. He pleaded guilty and was held for trial.

Paytner Doremus Fights for Bla Sent. Partner Thomas C. Doremus, of the firm o Henry S. Ives & Company, was present in the Supreme Court Chambers to-day, before Judge Donohue, with Col. Robert G. Ingersoil his counsel, upon the return of the injunction order forbidding the Stock Exchange from selling of transferring Dorenius's seat, or interfering with its use by him. By consent of the counsel an adjournment of two weeks was granted, and Col. Ingersoil was given a week in which to amend his complaint.

Judge Donohue, by a decision rendered to-day

n the Supreme Court, Special Term, has ordered that the sheds maintained by the Baltimore and Ohio Company at Pier 27. East River, must be removed immediately. He also grants an injunction restraining their maintainance there. The B. & O. Co. is the lessee of the pier and bulkhead, and has been for same time past. An annual rent of \$10,800 is paid.

Richmond Filled With Ex-Confederates. [SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.] RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 25.—The city is filling up rapidly with ex-Confederates in anticipation of the Lee Monument corner-stone exercises next Thursday. The Southern Memorial Association of Washington, of which Davis's physician, Dr. Garnett, is President, is to attend in a body.

Fears for Young Voorbees

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]
WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The arrest in New York of young Voorhees causes uneastness among his friends here, as his mental troubles were such that he was under treatment some time ago, and they fear that his condition now may again render it necessary for him to have careful attention.

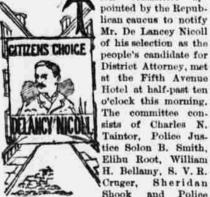
Heavy Fines for Jurors. Judge Ingraham, of the Supreme Court, has had great difficulty during the present term in securng the attendance of jurces in his branch of the court. Of the one hundred persons summoned for jury duty but thirty put in an appearance. All delinquent jurors were fined \$250 cach to-day by Judge Ingraham.

WILL MR. NICOLL ACCEPT

The Reputlican Committee Looking for Him All Morning.

An Effort to Induce Republicans to Indorse Mr. Martine Also.

fembers of the Republican State Committee Advise the Withdrawal of Mr. Lyon-The Prospects Getting Brighter of Todidates Demanded by the People-Citizens Actively at Work-County Democracy Leaders Intiguing - Republicans Who Want Martine and Nicoll on the Ticket



The committee consists of Charles N. Taintor, Police Justice Solon B. Smith. Elihu Root, William H. Bellamy, S. V. R. Cruger, Sheridan Shook and Police Mr. Root and Mr. Cruger said they would

HE committee as

endeavor to find Mr. Nicoll, and would arrange for the full committee to wait upon While the members of the committee were at the Fifth Avenue Hotel a relative of Mr.

somewhat disappointed because the Republican Conference had not recommended Mr. Martine's nomination for Judge of the Crim

Martine's nomination for Judge of the Criminal Court. Mr. Cruger inferred from the conversation with Mr. Nicoll's relative that the young prosecutor of the boodlers might accept the Republican indorsement.

The Republican leaders who were seen this morning were all hoping that Mr. Nicoll would consent to run for District-Attorney on their ticket. Most of them did not care to express an opinion in regard to Mr. Martine's nomination, or to say whether they would favor the withdrawal of Mr. Lyons as a candidate and the substitution of Mr. Martine for Judge.

the withdrawal of Mr. Lyons as a candidate and the substitution of Mr. Martine for Judge.

The members of the Republican State Committee are advising the nomination of Mr. Martine by to-night's convention. They say that if Mr. Nicoll refuses to be a candidate on the ticket unless Mr. Martine is also named, Mr. Nicoll's wishes should be complied with and granted.

"If," said Gen. Knapp, the Chairman of the Executive State Committee, "Mr. Martine is also nominated the entire ticket would be elected. I am certain of that. It would also help our State ticket."

The notification committee has sent a letter to Mr. Nicoll informing him that he is the choice of the Republican party for District-Attorney, and asking him if he will accept the nomination.

The committee will meet this afternoon to receive Mr. Nicoll's reply. If he says he cannot accept the promotion unless Mr. Martine man time is nominated for Judge, the Republican leaders will have another conference before the County Convention meets this evening.

There is still a chance of Mr. Martine being placed on the ticket. One of the prominent Republican leaders said this afternoon at the Fifth Avenue Hotel: "We may, after all, powings Mr. A. Coff, and would we deneral Sess to de candidate ou the Revullate of the Republican leaders will have a more transmitted by S. Mille days to the Republican leaders will be not the Revulli ment the support the County Convention meets this evening.

There is still a chance of Mr. Martine being placed on the ticket. One of the prominent Republican leaders will have another conference before the County Convention meets this evening.

There is still a chance of Mr. Martine is and Nicoll has be not the receive Mr. Nicoll's republican leaders will have another conference before the County Convention meets this evening.

C. Pember Hudson Coa

Republican leaders said this afternoon at the Fifth 'Avenue Hotel: "We may, after all, nominate Mr Martine. If Mr. Nicoll declines our nomination and gives as his reason that he does not wish to run on the ticket without Mr. Martine, we will consider the advisability of nominating Mr. Martine. I am now in favor of nominating Mr. Martine."

"Since last evening," the gentleman continued, "hundreds of our most influential citizens have either called upon me or communicated with me. They say that we would make a big blunder if we do not nominate both Nicoll and Martine. The programme may yet be changed."

Mr. Nicoll is at his residence on East Twenty-seventh street and cannot be seen.

Twenty-seventh street and cannot be seen. He is preparing his answer to the Republican

He is preparing his answer to the Republican Notification Committee.

There is now a growing belief that the Republican leaders rather than loose Mr. Nicoli as a candidate for District-Attorney will consent to Mr. Martine's nomination. They have had a chance to judge public sentiment since the slate was published, and besides citizens have been calling all day at the Fifth Avenue Hotel and urging the leaders to nominate Mr. Martine.

The County Democracy bosses are getting alarmed at the prospect of Mr. Martine being also nominated. They are already bringing pressure to bear upon him to refuse the nomination. It is

bringing pressure to bear upon him to refuse the nomination. It is understood that Mr. George A. Lyon is willing to withdraw as a candidate for Criminal Judge if the leaders decide to name Mr.

Judge if the leaders decide to name Mr. Martine.

Mr. Sheridan Shook said to The Eventro World Peporter this afternoon: "There may be some news for you later in the day. The slate may be changed."

George W. Lyon, who was recommended by the Republican caucus for Criminal Judge, said to an Eveving Would reporter: "I would favor any ticket that the Republican Convention is the only representative convention in New York at the present time. Nicoll and Martine don't make the least difference to me personally."

Governor Hill returned to Albany this morning on the 19:10 train, accompanied by D.

ing on the 10:10 train, accompanied by D. Doane, Clerk of the Democratic State Committee, who was called to his home in Troy by the death of his father. Before leaving, the Governor said that he did not think that Mr. Nicoll would go over into the Republican camp. If he should become a candidate it would be as a straight Republican.

REPUBLICANS FOR NICOLL.

Representative Men Say that He and Mr Martine Should Be on the Ticket.

The opinion of a number of Republican voters has been obtained by reporters of THE EVENING WORLD with regard to the advisability of placing both Mr. Martine and Mr. Nicoll on the Republican tiedet. The results

Mr. E. T. Teft, senior member of the firm of Teft, Weller & Co .- I think it would make a most excellent ticket. Messrs. Nicoli and Martine have done splendidly. Mr. Hamlin, of George E. Hamlin & Co.—



THE PARTING OF THE WAYS. Will the Republican Party Go Forward to Fictory or Defeat?

I would vote for Nicoll on any ticket. Mr. Martine, I don't know as much about but think he is all right.

Mr. Vail, of Sullivan, Vail & Co.—I will support Nicoll and Martine.

Mr. Lewis, of Lewis & Yale—I am in favor of anything for honest government. Martine and Nicoll all the bill.

Mr. John Clafin, of H. B. Claffin & Co.—I would support the ticket without any hesitation.

would support the ticket without any hesitation.

J. R. Pitcher, Secretary of the United States Mutual Accident Association: Martine and Nicoll can have my support.

Ex-Alderman Morris: "I think the Republican convention will commit a great blunder if they fail to nominate Nicoll and Martine—as such a course will add thousands of votes to the county and State tickets. Martine and Nicoll have worked zealously to prosecute the Boodlers, and both of them should be supported for office.

President James G. Smith, of the Stock Exchange—I am in favor of both Nicoll and Martine, and should heartily support them were they nominated on the Republican ticket.

Jesse Seligman, banker—We are going to

C. Pemberton Wurts, jr., Delaware and Hudson Coal Company—I should prefer to vote for Nicoll and Martine for the offices for which they have been nominated than any Republicans who could be named. For local offices political prejudices should be thrown aside and the best men supported.

George H. Clearman, broker—I should like to see the names of both Martine and Nicoll on the ticket.

A. B. Stratton, grain trade—Certainly, I would cheerfully support Martine and Nicoll if they are nominated. They are good men and deserve office.

W. R. Preston, jr., broker—I hope to be able to cast my vote for both Martine and Nicoll on next election day.

F. H. Cohen, broker—I think the general feeling among the Republicans on the floor of the Produce Exchange is strongly in favor of Martine and Nicoll. Both the names should appear on the ticket.

Some New York City Candidates. Edward F. Reilly is Tammany Hall candidate for Senator in the Sixth District. Jacob A. Cantor is United Democracy candidate or Senator in the Tenth District. Eugene S. Ives is United Democracy candidate for Senator in the Eleventh District. George F. Langbein is United Democracy candi-date for Senator in the Seventh District. John Jeroloman is United Democracy candidate for Civil Justice of the Eighth Judicial District.

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Thomas E. O'Neil was nominated last night, at No. 19 Stanton street, by the Progressive Labor party, for the Senate from the Ninth District, and Rudolph Pipenbrinck for the Tenth District, and Rudolph Pipenbrinck for the Tenth District, and Rudolph Pipenbrinck for the Tenth District, and District, John Gallagher; Third District, District, John D. Billings; Fifth District, Herman G. Loew; Sixth District, Augustus A. Levey; Seventh District, Max Bayersdorfer; Ninth District, Howard H. Morse; Eleventh District, James A. O'Gorman.

The Thirteenth Assembly District is split, as usual. The Cowie Republican faction nominated last night, James A. Cowie for Alderman and Lincoln McLeod for Assemblyman after they had refused an offer from the Gibbs faction to make Alderman Cowie their candidate for the Assembly. The Gibbs people will run John G. McMurray for Alderman.

Brooklyn Pelitics in Brief.

Mose Engle, candidate for Justice in the Third District, has been an Assemblyman twice and an Alderman for four years. Alderman for four years.

John Peterson, the candidate for Civil Justice in the Second District, is a tall, fine-looking German and is very popular in the East Brooslyn district.

Assemblyman Peter K. McCann will be renominated by acclamation in the Third District and will head the delegation from Kings County, if elected.

elected.

There was a protracted conference of Democratic leaders hast evening in which High McLaughlin, James Shevlin, Justice Andrew Walsh and Police Commissioner Carroli took an active part.

The Republicans have so far failed to induce any-body to stand for the Senate in the Second District, which has a nice little Democratic majority of about six thousand. Nor is there any Republican who wants to be nominated for Alderman in the First District for the same reason.

Devaney Held for Trial. Stephen Devaucy, of 222 Gansevoort street, was charged in the Jefferson Market Police Court this morning with felenious assault upon James J.
Maynes, last Sunday. The prisoner said that he
acted in self defense. He was held in \$8,500 ball

PRICE ONE CENT. NO FIFTH INSPECTOR NOW.

THE COURT OF APPEALS DECIDES AGAINST

THE UNITED LABOR PARTY. No Mandamus to Compel the Appoints Election Officers from Among Benry George's Followers-Permission Granted to Sue, but the Matter Settled so Far as

This Year's Election is Concerned.

ALBANY, Oct. 25 .- The Court of Appeals has affirmed the proceedings of the Police Commissioners in refusing to appoint the fifth Inspector of Election. The decision was given in the suit brought by John Me. Mackin and other representatives of the United Labor party. The court gives the plaintiffs in the mandamus proceedings against the Board leave to apply to the Supreme Court for the trial of the issues forthwith before one of the Justices thereof in such other way as the parties may agree upon and the courts shall approve of.

John J. O'Brien when told of the decision of the Court of Appeals, said: "Well, that settles it as far as the present election is concerned. The merits of the case may be passed upon in the sweet bye and by."

The Commissioners expressed no surprise, Mr. McClave saying: "It is rough on the Labor party, but it settles their fate as far as the present election canvass is concerned."

The decision holds that if the facts were undisputed and only one party claimed on showed its rights to the inspectors, the peremptory mandamus should have been issued. As the facts are disputed, the court below properly denied the peremptory mandamus and directed issue of a wait of alternative mandamus to ascertain the facts. The court below is directed to proceed forthwith with the investigation. The opinion was written by Judge Peckham.

LABOR LEADERS UNEASY.

fraid that the Arrested Walking Delegates Cannot Get a Fair Trial.

of Walking Delegates of the Building Trades Unions, exclusively reported in yesterday EVENING WORLD, caused a great deal of ex-

Martine, and should heartily support them were they nominated on the Republican ticket.

Jesse Seligman, banker—We are going to support whatever ticket the convention nominates, and the names of Martine and Nicoll upon it ought to doter no good Republican from cordially supporting it.

Henry Clews, broker—Both Nicoll and Martine have done well in office and deserve to be rewarded. Good citizens should support them irrespective of party, and no Republican ounty ticket.

W. Seligman, banker—I want to see the Republican ticket elected, whatever it may be. I will be satisfied if the names of Martine and Nicoll are on it.

W. A. Coff, lawyer—I am in favor of Nicoll and would willingly support him. As for the General Sessions Judgeship, I would prefer to support Lyon rather than Martine.

G. K. Clark, broker.—If Martine and Nicoll are on the Republican ticket is shall be glad to support them. I would yot for them anyway if I had the opportunity.

W. S. Miller, grain trader—You can put may down as in favor of both Martine and Nicoll are on the Republicans feel the same.

W. R. Goldsmith, broker—I am a Nicoll and Martine man, and I think you will find all the Republicans feel the same.

W. H. Trofton, broker—I am a Republican will both indorse Martine and Nicoll. They will both be elected.

Jesse Hoyt, grain trade—I am gratified that Nicoll has been named for the District-Attorned and Nicoll. They will both be elected.

Jesse Hoyt, grain trade—I am gratified that Nicoll has been named for the District-Attorned and Nicoll. They will both be elected.

Daniel E. Tuttle, broker—Give us Martine and Nicoll. They will both has been named for the District-Attorned and Nicoll. They be the District-Attorned and Nicoll. They be the District-Attorned and Nicoll. They be the District-Attorned and Nicoll. They are the very best men for it the places.

C. Femberton Wurts, jr., Delaware and the places.

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[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]
BORDENTOWN, N. J., Oct. 25.—The funjudge Clayton A. Black, who died at his res near this city on Saturday, took place this morning. The burial was in the Mansfield Meeting-House graveyard. A large number of mourners, including relatives, friends and members of the Burlington County Bar, attended the funeral.

Few Voters Register To-Day. Doubting voters who had their names placed on the registry lists in Brooklyn on Tuesday last only to learn the next day that the Bureau of Elections had picked out the wrong Tuesday, called around as the various places of registry this mornining, and were met by a notice saying that the former regis-tration was legal. Few voters registered to-day.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 25.—It was bitter cold here all day resterday. Last night the mercury stood at 20 degrees above zero. Billings, Mon., Oct. 25.—Fifteen degrees be-low zero is reported here, and at Aberdeen, Dali., t is at zero.

No Change in the Printers' Strike, There was no change in the look of things in the printers' strike to-day. The strikers feel as confident as ever, while Librarian Pasko, of the Typothete claims that the vacant places are being rapidly filled.

Scraps of City News. Postmaster Pearson has lasted a dreniar in regard to third-class matter, saying that hereafter nothing can be printed upon the wrappers of newspapers except the address and name of the sender. In the Jefferson Market Court this morning John Walker, thirty-four years old, of 4si Canal Street, was committed to the Tombs for trial. He stempted to steal a barret of thour last night from John F. Long, a grocer, of 191 Spring street. He was caught in the act by a policeman.

was caught in the act by a policeman.

William Mullen, twelve years off, is lying at his home, 430 West Seventeenth street, suffering from a blow that he received at the hands of Arthar Woods, thirty years of age, of 109 Ninth avenue, Woods struck the boy about the body with a log of wood. Justice Ford, at Jefferson Market, this morning remanded Woods to await the result of Mullen's injuries. ullen's injuries.

Molien's injuries.

John Dale, of 96 Washington street, was ordered to hold up his hands while he was robbed of \$1.50 by Charles Maho, a negro desperado, in Tynan's liquor-saloon, corner of Thompson and Broomstreets, this morning. Maho was arrested. He was also accused of having stolen \$10 from Julian Thompson, of \$1% Sullivan street. Justice Ford, at Jefferson Market Court, held the prisoner for trial.

Colder Weather Coming Soon.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15. _Indications for the mencing at 8 P. M. today: For Connecticut and Eastern New York, colder, Jain weather; light to fresh north-

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